Electronic Dispersion Compensation of 40-Gb/s Multimode Fiber Links Using IIR Equalization

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Transmitting Data Over Short Multimode Fiber Links

- Data transmission speed limited by intermodal dispersion
- Intermodal dispersion causes a wide variety of channel responses
- Result: Inter-symbol Interference (ISI) at receiver



Modal Dispersion Mitigation

- Two dispersion compensation methods
 - Optical
 - Electrical
- Electrical equalization advantages
 - Low cost
 - Adaptive
 - Robust



Typical Equalizer - FIR

- ✓ Clockless
- ✓ Low power
- ✓ Guaranteed stability
- Cannot compensate spectral nulls
- Restricted to manipulating zeros
- Only cancels ISI up to length of equalizer



Typical Equalizer - DFE

- ✓ Compensates spectral nulls without noise enhancement
- Difficult to meet timing in feedback path at high speeds
- Difficult timing recovery





IIR Equalizer

✓ Clockless

- Manipulate both poles and zeros
- Cancels ISI beyond length of equalizer
- More noise enhancement than DFE
- Possibly unstable



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System Simulation

- IIR equalization of a 50 m MMF link at 40 Gb/s
- Comparing the performance of a 3-Tap FIR versus a 3-Tap FF and 2-Tap FB IIR equalizer
- Both equalizers have $T_s/2$ tap spacing



MMF Fiber Channel Model

- Statistical MMF channel model
- Based on restricted launch scheme at various radial offsets
- Model represents the performance of the worst-case 5% of installed fibers
- Model linearly scaled from original 300 m length to 50 m



IIR Coefficient Optimization



Definition: ISI Penalty



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Example Channel



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12

Equalizer Performance



13

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Statistical Analysis – ISI Penalty



14

Statistical Analysis - Jitter



15

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Conclusion

- Introduced IIR equalizer for intermodal dispersion compensation
- Demonstrated the effectiveness of the IIR equalizer over the FIR equalizer
- Statistical analysis shows that an IIR equalizer equalizes 90% of the 50 m MMF links at 40 Gb/s
 - < 2.5 dB of ISI penalty for the 5% worst case fibers
 - < 3.75 ps of data-dependent peak-to-peak jitter</p>

Questions?

